

	on date: 08/18/2016 Supersedes:02/16/2016 Version: 1.2
SECTION 1: Identification of the su	ubstance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
1.1. Product identifier	
Product form	: Mixture
Trade name	: JOHNSEN'S DOT 4 BRAKE FLUID 1 GALLON
Product code	: 5034
	bstance or mixture and uses advised against
Use of the substance/mixture	: Brake Fluid
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safe	ty data sheet
Technical Chemical Company	
P.O. BOX 139 Cleburne, Texas 76033	
T 817-645-6088	
1.4. Emergency telephone number	
	· CHEMTREC 24 Hour 1 800 424 0200 1 702 527 2887 (International)
Emergency number	: CHEMTREC 24 Hour 1-800-424-9300, 1-703-527-3887 (International)
SECTION 2: Hazards identification	
2.1. Classification of the substance or	
	IIIAMIV
GHS-US classification	
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral) H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist) H332	
Skin Irrit. 2 H315	
Eye Dam. 1 H318	
Repr. 2 H361	
Full text of H statements : see section 16	
2.2. Label elements	
GHS-US labeling Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)	
	GHS05 GHS07 GHS08
Signal word (GHS-US)	: Danger
Hazard statements (GHS-US)	: H302+H332 - Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled
	H315 - Causes skin irritation H318 - Causes serious eye damage
	H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
Precautionary statements (GHS-US)	: P201 - Obtain special instructions
· · · · ·	P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
	P261 - Avoid breathing dust,fume,gas,mist,vapor spray P264 - Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling
	P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
	P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
	P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection
	P301+P312 - If swallowed: Call a poison center, doctor if you feel unwell P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water
	P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
	P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact
	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
	P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention P310 - Immediately call a poison center,doctor, physician
	P312 - Call a POISON CONTROL CENTER, doctor, if you feel unwell.
	P321 - Specific treatment: See section 4.1 on SDS
	P330 - Rinse mouth P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention
	P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse
	P405 - Store locked up
	P501 - Dispose of contents/container to appropriate waste disposal facility, in accordance with
	local, regional, national, international regulations.
2.3. Other hazards	
Other hazards not contributing to the classification	: None under normal conditions.

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Borate Ester	(CAS No) 30989-05-0	15 - 40	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332 Eye Irrit. 2B, H320
Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether	(CAS No) 112-35-6	10 - 30	Not classified
Methoxy Polyethylene Glycol 350	(CAS No) 9004-74-4	10 - 30	Not classified
Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	(CAS No) 143-22-6	8 - 18	Eye Dam. 1, H318
Polyalkylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	(CAS No) 9004-77-7	7 - 13	Not classified
Tetraethylene Glycol	(CAS No) 112-60-7	<= 10	Not classified
3,6,9,12-Tetraoxatetradecane-1,14-diol	(CAS No) 4792-15-8	1 - 5	Not classified
Triethyleneglycol	(CAS No) 112-27-6	1 - 5	Not classified
Diisopropanolamine	(CAS No) 110-97-4	<= 1.5	Not classified
Sodium Hydroxide	(CAS No) 1310-73-2	< 1	Skin Corr. 1A, H314
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	(CAS No) 128-37-0	< 1	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302
Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether	(CAS No) 111-77-3	< 1	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Repr. 2, H361

The exact percentage is a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures	
4.1. Description of first aid measure	'S
First-aid measures general	: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Allow victim to breathe fresh air. Allow the victim to rest. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
4.2. Most important symptoms and	effects, both acute and delayed
Symptoms/injuries	: Causes damage to organs. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. Harmful if inhaled.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: May cause moderate irritation. Itching. Red skin. Skin rash/inflammation. Causes skin irritation.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Irritation of the eye tissue. Inflammation/damage of the eye tissue. Redness of the eye tissue. Causes serious eye damage.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard.
4.3. Indication of any immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed
No additional information available	
SECTION 5: Firefighting measure	es
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use a heavy water stream.
5.2. Special hazards arising from th	e substance or mixture
No additional information available	
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Firefighting instructions	: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any

: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.

g : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Protection during firefighting

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Mono	lay, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations
SECTION 6: Accidental release me	easures
6.1. Personal precautions, protective	equipment and emergency procedures
General measures	: Remove ignition sources. Use special care to avoid static electric charges.
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel	
Protective equipment	: Gloves. Safety glasses.
Emergency procedures	: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.
6.1.2. For emergency responders	
Protective equipment	: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.
Emergency procedures	: Ventilate area.
6.2. Environmental precautions	
Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. No	otify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.
6.3. Methods and material for contain	
For containment	: Dam up the liquid spill. Plug the leak, cut off the supply. Contain released substance, pump into suitable containers.
Methods for cleaning up	: Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials.
6.4. Reference to other sections	
See Heading 8. Exposure controls and person	nal protection.
SECTION 7: Handling and storage	
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	
Precautions for safe handling	: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing dust,fume,gas,mist,vapor spray. Obtain special instructions . Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Hygiene measures	: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, inclu	Iding any incompatibilities
Technical measures	: Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.
Storage conditions	: Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : Keep container closed when not in use.
Incompatible products	: Strong bases. Strong acids.
Incompatible materials	: Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight.
Storage area	: Keep only in the original container.
Special rules on packaging	: Keep only in original container.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	
Follow Label Directions.	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. **Control parameters**

Sodium Hydroxide (1	310-73-2)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)	2 mg/m ³ (Sodium hydroxide; USA; Momentary value; TLV - Adopted Value)
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cre	esol (128-37-0)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m ³ (Butylated hydroxytoluene (BHT); USA; Time- weighted average exposure limit 8 h; TLV - Adopted Value; Inhalable fraction and vapor)
3.2. Exposure cor	ntrols	

Appropriate engineering controls Personal protective equipment

- : Local exhaust venilation, vent hoods . Ensure good ventilation of the work station.
- : Gloves. Safety glasses. Avoid all unnecessary exposure.



: Chemical goggles or safety glasses.

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Skin and body protection	: Wear suitable protective clothing.	
Respiratory protection	: Wear appropriate mask.	
Other information	: Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.	
SECTION 9: Physical and		
9.1. Information on basic pl	nysical and chemical properties	
9.1. Information on basic pl Physical state	nysical and chemical properties : Liquid	

Odor	: Mild . Ammoniacal.
Odor threshold	: No data available
рН	: 7.7
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Melting point	: <-59 °C
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: 281 °C
Flash point	: 132 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: < 0.01 mm Hg Estimated
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: >10
Relative density	: 1.03 - 1.08
Solubility	: Soluble in water. Water: 100% Estimated
Log Pow	: No data available
Log Kow	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: 1100 mm²/s @ -40 deg C Estimated
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available
Explosion limits	: No data available
9.2. Other information	

9.2. Other information VOC content

: 0%

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity
10.1. Reactivity
No additional information available
10.2. Chemical stability
Not established.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
Not established.
10.4. Conditions to avoid
Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures.
10.5. Incompatible materials
Oxidizing agent. Strong acids. Strong bases.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products
Toxic fume Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.
SECTION 11: Toxicological information
11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

: Oral: Harmful if swallowed. Inhalation:dust,mist: Harmful if inhaled.

Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112-35-6)	
LD50 oral rat	11865 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 dermal rabbit	7455 mg/kg (Rabbit)

Methoxy Polyethylene Glycol 350 (9004-74-4)	
LD50 oral rat	22000 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 20000 mg/kg (Rabbit)
Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (143-22-6	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 dermal rabbit	3480 mg/kg (Rabbit)
Tetraethylene Glycol (112-60-7)	<u>.</u>
LD50 oral rat	29000 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 20000 mg/kg (Rabbit)
Triethyleneglycol (112-27-6)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)
Diisopropanolamine (110-97-4)	
LD50 oral rat	4765 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 dermal rat	16000 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 dermal rabbit	8000 mg/kg (Rabbit)
Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Borate Ester	(30989-05-0)
LD50 oral rat	> 5 g/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2 g/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	200 mg/l
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol (128-37-0)	
LD50 oral rat	890 mg/kg (Rat; OECD 401: Acute Oral Toxicity; Experimental value; >6000 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat)
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat; Literature study; OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity; >2000 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat; Experimental value)
Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (111-77-	3)
LD50 oral rat	4140 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 20 mg/l/4h (Rat)
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes skin irritation.
	pH: 7.7
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye damage.
	pH: 7.7
Respiratory or skin sensitization	Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
	: Not classified
Polyalkylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (9004-7	
IARC group	4
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol (128-37-0)	
IARC group	3
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified
	: Not classified
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	 Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	 Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. Harmful if inhaled.
Symptoms/injurios ofter skip contact	
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	 May cause moderate irritation. Itching. Red skin. Skin rash/inflammation. Causes skin irritation. Irritation of the eye tissue. Inflammation/damage of the eye tissue. Redness of the eye tissue.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	Causes serious eye damage. : Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard.

SECTIO	N 12: Ecological information
12.1.	Toxicity

Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112	2-35-6)
LC50 fish 1	> 5000 mg/l (LC50; 96 h)
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l (LC50; 48 h)
Threshold limit algae 1	> 500 mg/l (EC50; 72 h)
Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (143-2	22-6)
LC50 fish 2	2200 mg/l (LC50; 96 h)
EC50 Daphnia 2	> 500 mg/l (EC50; 48 h)
Threshold limit algae 1	> 500 mg/l (EC50; 72 h)
Triethyleneglycol (112-27-6)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	42426 mg/l (EC50; 48 h)
LC50 fish 2	61000 mg/l (LC50; 96 h; Lepomis macrochirus)
Threshold limit algae 2	> 10000 mg/l (EC0; 168 h)
Diisopropanolamine (110-97-4)	
LC50 fish 1	1000 - 2200 mg/l (LC50; OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test; 96 h; Brachydanio rerio)
EC50 Daphnia 2	277.7 mg/l (EC50; 48 h)
Threshold limit algae 1	270 mg/l (EC50; 72 h)
Sodium Hydroxide (1310-73-2)	
LC50 fish 1	45.4 mg/l (LC50; Other; 96 h; Salmo gairdneri; Static system; Fresh water; Experimental value)
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol (128-37-0)	
LC50 fish 1	>= 0.57 mg/l (LC0; EU Method C.1; 96 h; Brachydanio rerio; Semi-static system; Fresh water Experimental value)
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.48 mg/l (EC50; OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test; 48 h; Daphnia magna; Static system; Fresh water; Experimental value)
LC50 fish 2	0.199 mg/l (LC50; ECOSAR v1.00; 96 h; Pisces)
EC50 Daphnia 2	0.15 mg/l (NOEC; OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test; 48 h; Daphnia magna; Static system; Fresh water; Experimental value)
Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (111	-77-3)
LC50 fish 1	1000 mg/l (LC50; 96 h)
	•
LC50 fish 1	1000 mg/l (LC50; 96 h)
LC50 fish 1 EC50 Daphnia 1	1000 mg/l (LC50; 96 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 48 h)
LC50 fish 1 EC50 Daphnia 1 Threshold limit algae 1	1000 mg/l (LC50; 96 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 48 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 72 h)
LC50 fish 1 EC50 Daphnia 1 Threshold limit algae 1 2.2. Persistence and degradability	1000 mg/l (LC50; 96 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 48 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 72 h)
LC50 fish 1 EC50 Daphnia 1 Threshold limit algae 1 2.2. Persistence and degradability JOHNSEN'S DOT 4 BRAKE FLUID 1 GALL Persistence and degradability	1000 mg/l (LC50; 96 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 48 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 72 h)
LC50 fish 1 EC50 Daphnia 1 Threshold limit algae 1 2.2. Persistence and degradability JOHNSEN'S DOT 4 BRAKE FLUID 1 GALL	1000 mg/l (LC50; 96 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 48 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 72 h)
LC50 fish 1 EC50 Daphnia 1 Threshold limit algae 1 2.2. Persistence and degradability JOHNSEN'S DOT 4 BRAKE FLUID 1 GALL Persistence and degradability Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112 Persistence and degradability	1000 mg/l (LC50; 96 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 48 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 72 h) LON A tot established. 2-35-6) Inherently biodegradable. Non degradable in the soil. Photodegradation in the air. Not established.
LC50 fish 1 EC50 Daphnia 1 Threshold limit algae 1 2.2. Persistence and degradability JOHNSEN'S DOT 4 BRAKE FLUID 1 GALL Persistence and degradability Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112 Persistence and degradability Methoxy Polyethylene Glycol 350 (9004-74	1000 mg/l (LC50; 96 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 48 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 72 h) Interently biodegradable. Non degradable in the soil. Photodegradation in the air. Not established.
LC50 fish 1 EC50 Daphnia 1 Threshold limit algae 1 2.2. Persistence and degradability JOHNSEN'S DOT 4 BRAKE FLUID 1 GALL Persistence and degradability Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112 Persistence and degradability	1000 mg/l (LC50; 96 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 48 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 72 h) LON A tot established. 2-35-6) Inherently biodegradable. Non degradable in the soil. Photodegradation in the air. Not established.
LC50 fish 1 EC50 Daphnia 1 Threshold limit algae 1 2.2. Persistence and degradability JOHNSEN'S DOT 4 BRAKE FLUID 1 GALL Persistence and degradability Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112 Persistence and degradability Methoxy Polyethylene Glycol 350 (9004-74 Persistence and degradability BOD (% of ThOD)	1000 mg/l (LC50; 96 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 48 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 72 h) -ON LON Inherently biodegradable. Non degradable in the soil. Photodegradation in the air. Not established. 4-4) Not readily biodegradable in water. 0.1 (28 days)
LC50 fish 1 EC50 Daphnia 1 Threshold limit algae 1 2.2. Persistence and degradability JOHNSEN'S DOT 4 BRAKE FLUID 1 GALL Persistence and degradability Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112 Persistence and degradability Methoxy Polyethylene Glycol 350 (9004-74 Persistence and degradability BOD (% of ThOD) Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (143-2	1000 mg/l (LC50; 96 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 48 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 72 h) LON Not established. 2-35-6 Inherently biodegradable. Non degradable in the soil. Photodegradation in the air. Not established. 4-4 Not readily biodegradable in water. 0.1 (28 days)
LC50 fish 1 EC50 Daphnia 1 Threshold limit algae 1 2.2. Persistence and degradability JOHNSEN'S DOT 4 BRAKE FLUID 1 GALL Persistence and degradability Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112 Persistence and degradability Methoxy Polyethylene Glycol 350 (9004-74 Persistence and degradability BOD (% of ThOD) Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (143-2 Persistence and degradability	1000 mg/l (LC50; 96 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 48 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 72 h) LON Not established. 2-35-6 Inherently biodegradable. Non degradable in the soil. Photodegradation in the air. Not established. 4-4 Not readily biodegradable in water. 0.1 (28 days) 22-6
LC50 fish 1 EC50 Daphnia 1 Threshold limit algae 1 2.2. Persistence and degradability JOHNSEN'S DOT 4 BRAKE FLUID 1 GALL Persistence and degradability Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112 Persistence and degradability Methoxy Polyethylene Glycol 350 (9004-74 Persistence and degradability BOD (% of ThOD) Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (143-2	1000 mg/l (LC50; 96 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 48 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 72 h) LON Not established. 2-35-6 Inherently biodegradable. Non degradable in the soil. Photodegradation in the air. Not established. 4-4 Not readily biodegradable in water. 0.1 (28 days)
LC50 fish 1 EC50 Daphnia 1 Threshold limit algae 1 2.2. Persistence and degradability JOHNSEN'S DOT 4 BRAKE FLUID 1 GALL Persistence and degradability Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112 Persistence and degradability Methoxy Polyethylene Glycol 350 (9004-74 Persistence and degradability BOD (% of ThOD) Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (143-2 Persistence and degradability Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1000 mg/l (LC50; 96 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 48 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 72 h) Interently biodegradable. Non degradable in the soil. Photodegradation in the air. Not established. 100 mg/l (LC50; 72 h) Interently biodegradable. Interently biodegradable. Non degradable in the soil. Photodegradation in the air. Not established. 4-4) Not readily biodegradable in water. 0.1 (28 days) Readily biodegradable in water. 0.02 g O ₂ /g substance 0.02 g O ₂ /g substance
LC50 fish 1 EC50 Daphnia 1 Threshold limit algae 1 2.2. Persistence and degradability JOHNSEN'S DOT 4 BRAKE FLUID 1 GALL Persistence and degradability Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112 Persistence and degradability Methoxy Polyethylene Glycol 350 (9004-74 Persistence and degradability BOD (% of ThOD) Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (143-2 Persistence and degradability Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) Chemical oxygen demand (COD) Tetraethylene Glycol (112-60-7)	1000 mg/l (LC50; 96 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 48 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 72 h)
LC50 fish 1 EC50 Daphnia 1 Threshold limit algae 1 2.2. Persistence and degradability JOHNSEN'S DOT 4 BRAKE FLUID 1 GALL Persistence and degradability Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112 Persistence and degradability Methoxy Polyethylene Glycol 350 (9004-74 Persistence and degradability BOD (% of ThOD) Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (143-2 Persistence and degradability Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) Chemical oxygen demand (COD) Tetraethylene Glycol (112-60-7) Persistence and degradability	1000 mg/l (LC50; 96 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 48 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 72 h) Interently Ec50; 72 h) Inherently biodegradable. Non degradable in the soil. Photodegradation in the air. Not established. Inherently biodegradable. Non degradable in the soil. Photodegradation in the air. Not established. 4-41 Not readily biodegradable in water. 0.1 (28 days) 22-65 Readily biodegradable in water. 0.02 g O ₂ /g substance 1.83 g O ₂ /g substance Readily biodegradable in water.
LC50 fish 1 EC50 Daphnia 1 Threshold limit algae 1 2.2. Persistence and degradability JOHNSEN'S DOT 4 BRAKE FLUID 1 GALL Persistence and degradability Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112 Persistence and degradability Methoxy Polyethylene Glycol 350 (9004-74 Persistence and degradability BOD (% of ThOD) Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (143-2 Persistence and degradability Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) Chemical oxygen demand (COD) Tetraethylene Glycol (112-60-7)	1000 mg/l (LC50; 96 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 48 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 72 h)
LC50 fish 1 EC50 Daphnia 1 Threshold limit algae 1 2.2. Persistence and degradability JOHNSEN'S DOT 4 BRAKE FLUID 1 GALL Persistence and degradability Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112 Persistence and degradability Methoxy Polyethylene Glycol 350 (9004-74 Persistence and degradability BOD (% of ThOD) Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (143-2 Persistence and degradability Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) Chemical oxygen demand (COD) Tetraethylene Glycol (112-60-7) Persistence and degradability Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1000 mg/l (LC50; 96 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 72 h) .0N Not established. 2-35-6) Inherently biodegradable. Non degradable in the soil. Photodegradation in the air. Not established. 4-41 Not readily biodegradable in water. 0.1 (28 days) 22-6 Readily biodegradable in water. 0.02 g O ₂ /g substance 1.83 g O ₂ /g substance Readily biodegradable in water. 0.50 g O ₂ /g substance
LC50 fish 1 EC50 Daphnia 1 Threshold limit algae 1 2.2. Persistence and degradability JOHNSEN'S DOT 4 BRAKE FLUID 1 GALL Persistence and degradability Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112 Persistence and degradability Methoxy Polyethylene Glycol 350 (9004-74 Persistence and degradability BOD (% of ThOD) Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (143-2 Persistence and degradability Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) Chemical oxygen demand (COD) Tetraethylene Glycol (112-60-7) Persistence and degradability Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) ThOD BOD (% of ThOD)	1000 mg/l (LC50; 96 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 48 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 72 h) Image: Colspan="2">Image: Colspan="2" Image: Cols
LC50 fish 1 EC50 Daphnia 1 Threshold limit algae 1 2.2. Persistence and degradability JOHNSEN'S DOT 4 BRAKE FLUID 1 GALL Persistence and degradability Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112 Persistence and degradability Methoxy Polyethylene Glycol 350 (9004-74 Persistence and degradability BOD (% of ThOD) Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (143-2 Persistence and degradability Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) Chemical oxygen demand (COD) Tetraethylene Glycol (112-60-7) Persistence and degradability Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) ThOD	1000 mg/l (LC50; 96 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 48 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 72 h) Image: State of the stablished. 2-35-6) Inherently biodegradable. Non degradable in the soil. Photodegradation in the air. Not established. 4-4) Not readily biodegradable in water. 0.1 (28 days) 22-6) Readily biodegradable in water. 0.02 g O ₂ /g substance 1.83 g O ₂ /g substance Readily biodegradable in water. 0.50 g O ₂ /g substance Readily biodegradable in water. 0.50 g O ₂ /g substance Readily biodegradable in water. 0.50 g O ₂ /g substance Readily biodegradable in water. 0.50 g O ₂ /g substance Readily biodegradable in water. 0.50 g O ₂ /g substance 0.286
LC50 fish 1 EC50 Daphnia 1 Threshold limit algae 1 2.2. Persistence and degradability JOHNSEN'S DOT 4 BRAKE FLUID 1 GALL Persistence and degradability Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112 Persistence and degradability Methoxy Polyethylene Glycol 350 (9004-74 Persistence and degradability BOD (% of ThOD) Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (143-2 Persistence and degradability Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) Chemical oxygen demand (COD) Tetraethylene Glycol (112-60-7) Persistence and degradability Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) ThOD BOD (% of ThOD) Polyalkylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (900 Persistence and degradability	1000 mg/l (LC50; 96 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 72 h) Image: stablished of the stablished of the stablished. 2-35-6) Inherently biodegradable. Non degradable in the soil. Photodegradation in the air. Not established. 4-4) Not readily biodegradable in water. 0.1 (28 days) 22-6) Readily biodegradable in water. 0.02 g O ₂ /g substance 1.83 g O ₂ /g substance Readily biodegradable in water. 0.50 g O ₂ /g substance 0.50 g O ₂ /g substance 0.286 04-77-7) Not established.
LC50 fish 1 EC50 Daphnia 1 Threshold limit algae 1 2.2. Persistence and degradability JOHNSEN'S DOT 4 BRAKE FLUID 1 GALL Persistence and degradability Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112 Persistence and degradability Methoxy Polyethylene Glycol 350 (9004-74 Persistence and degradability BOD (% of ThOD) Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (143-2 Persistence and degradability Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) Chemical oxygen demand (COD) Tetraethylene Glycol (112-60-7) Persistence and degradability Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) ThOD BOD (% of ThOD) Polyalkylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (900 Persistence and degradability 3,6,9,12-Tetraoxatetradecane-1,14-diol (47	1000 mg/l (LC50; 96 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 72 h) CON Not established. 2-35-6) Inherently biodegradable. Non degradable in the soil. Photodegradation in the air. Not established. 4-44 Not readily biodegradable in water. 0.1 (28 days) 22-6) Readily biodegradable in water. 0.02 g O ₂ /g substance 1.83 g O ₂ /g substance Readily biodegradable in water. 0.50 g O ₂ /g substance Readily biodegradable in water. 0.50 g O ₂ /g substance 0.286 0.286 0.286 O4-77-7) Not established.
LC50 fish 1 EC50 Daphnia 1 Threshold limit algae 1 2.2. Persistence and degradability JOHNSEN'S DOT 4 BRAKE FLUID 1 GALL Persistence and degradability Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112 Persistence and degradability Methoxy Polyethylene Glycol 350 (9004-74 Persistence and degradability BOD (% of ThOD) Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (143-2 Persistence and degradability Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) Chemical oxygen demand (COD) Tetraethylene Glycol (112-60-7) Persistence and degradability Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) ThOD BOD (% of ThOD) Polyalkylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (900 Persistence and degradability 3,6,9,12-Tetraoxatetradecane-1,14-diol (47 Persistence and degradability	1000 mg/l (LC50; 96 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 72 h) IDM ION ION ION INherently biodegradable. Non degradable in the soil. Photodegradation in the air. Not established. IDM Inherently biodegradable. Non degradable in the soil. Photodegradation in the air. Not established. 4-41 Not readily biodegradable in water. 0.1 (28 days) 22-6 Readily biodegradable in water. 0.02 g O ₂ /g substance 1.83 g O ₂ /g substance Readily biodegradable in water. 0.50 g O ₂ /g substance 2.23 g O ₂ /g substance (10d) 2.23 g O ₂ /g substance 0.286 0.286 Out established.
LC50 fish 1 EC50 Daphnia 1 Threshold limit algae 1 2.2. Persistence and degradability JOHNSEN'S DOT 4 BRAKE FLUID 1 GALL Persistence and degradability Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112 Persistence and degradability Methoxy Polyethylene Glycol 350 (9004-74 Persistence and degradability BOD (% of ThOD) Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (143-2 Persistence and degradability Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) Chemical oxygen demand (COD) Tetraethylene Glycol (112-60-7) Persistence and degradability Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) ThOD BOD (% of ThOD) Polyalkylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (900 Persistence and degradability 3,6,9,12-Tetraoxatetradecane-1,14-diol (47 Persistence and degradability Triethyleneglycol (112-27-6)	1000 mg/l (LC50; 96 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 72 h) ON Not established. 2-35-6) Inherently biodegradable. Non degradable in the soil. Photodegradation in the air. Not established. 4-4) Not readily biodegradable in water. 0.1 (28 days) 22-6 Readily biodegradable in water. 0.02 g O ₂ /g substance 1.83 g O ₂ /g substance 1.83 g O ₂ /g substance 0.50 g O ₂ /g substance 0.286 04-77-7) Not established.
LC50 fish 1 EC50 Daphnia 1 Threshold limit algae 1 2.2. Persistence and degradability JOHNSEN'S DOT 4 BRAKE FLUID 1 GALL Persistence and degradability Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112 Persistence and degradability Methoxy Polyethylene Glycol 350 (9004-74 Persistence and degradability BOD (% of ThOD) Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (143-2 Persistence and degradability Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) Chemical oxygen demand (COD) Tetraethylene Glycol (112-60-7) Persistence and degradability Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) ThOD BOD (% of ThOD) Polyalkylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (900 Persistence and degradability 3,6,9,12-Tetraoxatetradecane-1,14-diol (47 Persistence and degradability Triethyleneglycol (112-27-6) Persistence and degradability	1000 mg/l (LC50; 96 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 72 h) ON Not established. 2-35-6) Inherently biodegradable. Non degradable in the soil. Photodegradation in the air. Not established. 4-41 Not readily biodegradable in water. 0.1 (28 days) 22-6 Readily biodegradable in water. 0.02 g O ₂ /g substance 1.83 g O ₂ /g substance 0.50 g O ₂ /g substance (10d) 2.23 g O ₂ /g substance 0.286 04-77-7) Not established. Testablished.
LC50 fish 1 EC50 Daphnia 1 Threshold limit algae 1 2.2. Persistence and degradability JOHNSEN'S DOT 4 BRAKE FLUID 1 GALL Persistence and degradability Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112 Persistence and degradability Methoxy Polyethylene Glycol 350 (9004-74 Persistence and degradability BOD (% of ThOD) Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (143-2 Persistence and degradability Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) Chemical oxygen demand (COD) Tetraethylene Glycol (112-60-7) Persistence and degradability Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) ThOD BOD (% of ThOD) Polyalkylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (900 Persistence and degradability 3,6,9,12-Tetraoxatetradecane-1,14-diol (47 Persistence and degradability Triethyleneglycol (112-27-6) Persistence and degradability Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1000 mg/l (LC50; 96 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 48 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 72 h) ON Not established. 22-56 Inherently biodegradable. Non degradable in the soil. Photodegradation in the air. Not established. 4-41 Not readily biodegradable in water. 0.1 (28 days) 22-60 Readily biodegradable in water. 0.02 g O ₂ /g substance 1.83 g O ₂ /g substance 1.83 g O ₂ /g substance 0.50 g O ₂ /g substance 0.286 04-77-7) Not established. 792-15-8) Biodegradableting Biodegradableting Inherently biodegradable. Readily biodegradable in water. Photolysis in the air.
LC50 fish 1 EC50 Daphnia 1 Threshold limit algae 1 2.2. Persistence and degradability JOHNSEN'S DOT 4 BRAKE FLUID 1 GALL Persistence and degradability Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112 Persistence and degradability Methoxy Polyethylene Glycol 350 (9004-74 Persistence and degradability BOD (% of ThOD) Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (143-2 Persistence and degradability Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) Chemical oxygen demand (COD) Tetraethylene Glycol (112-60-7) Persistence and degradability Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) ThOD BOD (% of ThOD) Polyalkylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (900 Persistence and degradability 36,9,12-Tetraoxatetradecane-1,14-diol (47 Persistence and degradability Triethyleneglycol (112-27-6) Persistence and degradability	1000 mg/l (LC50; 96 h) > 500 mg/l (EC50; 72 h) LON Not established. 2-35-6) Inherently biodegradable. Non degradable in the soil. Photodegradation in the air. Not established. 4-41 Not readily biodegradable in water. 0.1 (28 days) 22-6 Readily biodegradable in water. 0.02 g O ₂ /g substance 1.83 g O ₂ /g substance 0.50 g O ₂ /g substance (10d) 2.23 g O ₂ /g substance 0.286 04-77-7) Not established. Testablished. 192-15-8) Biodegradability in water: no data available. Inherently biodegradable. Readily biodegradable in water. Photolysis in the air.

Diisopropanolamine (110-97-4)			
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable in water.		
Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Borate Ester	(30989-05-0)		
Persistence and degradability	Not established.		
Sodium Hydroxide (1310-73-2)			
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available.		
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	Not applicable		
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable		
ThOD	Not applicable		
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol (128-37-0)			
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Adsorbs into the soil. Low potential for mobility in soil. Photooxidation in the air.		
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.51 g O ₂ /g substance		
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.27 g O_2 /g substance		
ThOD	2.977 g O ₂ /g substance		
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.17		
Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (111-77-3	3)		
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Photolysis in the air. Photodegradation in the air.		
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.71 g O_2 /g substance		
ThOD	1.73 g O_2 /g substance		
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential			
JOHNSEN'S DOT 4 BRAKE FLUID 1 GALLON			
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.		
· ·			
Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112-35-	·		
Log Pow Bioaccumulative potential	-1.13 Ricecoumulation: not applicable. Not actablished		
•	Bioaccumulation: not applicable. Not established.		
Methoxy Polyethylene Glycol 350 (9004-74-4)			
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.		
Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (143-22-6)			
Log Pow	0.51 (Experimental value)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).		
Tetraethylene Glycol (112-60-7)			
Log Pow	-2.181.38		
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation: not applicable.		
Polyalkylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (9004-7			
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.		
3,6,9,12-Tetraoxatetradecane-1,14-diol (4792-1	5-8)		
Log Pow	-2.30 (Estimated value)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation: not applicable.		
Triethyleneglycol (112-27-6)			
Log Pow	-2.081.17 (Calculated)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).		
Diisopropanolamine (110-97-4)			
Log Pow	-0.79		
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation: not applicable.		
Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Borate Ester	(30989-05-0)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.		
Sodium Hydroxide (1310-73-2)			
Bioaccumulative potential	No bioaccumulation data available.		
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol (128-37-0)			
BCF fish 1	230 - 2500 (BCF; OECD 305: Bioconcentration: Flow-Through Fish Test; 56 days; Cyprinus carpio; Flow-through system; Fresh water; Experimental value)		
Log Pow	5.1 (Experimental value)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Potential for bioaccumulation ($500 \le BCF \le 5000$).		
· ·			
Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (111-77- Log Pow	-1.140.68		
	-1.140.00		
10/00/0010			

according to rederal Register / vol. 77, No. 38 / Monday, N	aren 20, 2012 / Naico ana Negulationo
Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (111-77-	3)
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation: not applicable.
12.4. Mobility in soil	
Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112-35	-6)
Surface tension	0.0314 N/m
Methoxy Polyethylene Glycol 350 (9004-74-4)	
Surface tension	0.04 N/m
Tetraethylene Glycol (112-60-7)	
Surface tension	0.019 N/m
Triethyleneglycol (112-27-6)	
Surface tension	0.045 N/m (20 °C)
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol (128-37-0)	
Log Koc	Koc,PCKOCWIN v1.66; 23030; Calculated value; log Koc; PCKOCWIN v1.66; 4.362; Calculated value
Ecology - soil	May be harmful to plant growth, blooming and fruit formation.
Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (111-77- Surface tension	3) 0.035 N/m (25 °C)
12.5. Other adverse effects	
Other information	: Avoid release to the environment.
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Waste disposal recommendations	: Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of
	contents/container to appropriate waste disposal facility, in accordance with local, regional,
Ecology - waste materials	national, international regulations. : Avoid release to the environment.
Ecology - waste materials	
SECTION 14: Transport information	
In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / AD	Ν
US DOT (ground): Not regulated,	
ICAO/IATA (air): Not regulated,	
IMO/IMDG (water): Not regulated,	
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
	: Not regulated
14.3. Additional information	
	: No supplementary information available.
Overland frenchert	
Overland transport No additional information available	
Transport by sea	
No additional information available	
Air transport	
No additional information available	
SECTION 15: Regulatory information	
15.1. US Federal regulations	
JOHNSEN'S DOT 4 BRAKE FLUID 1 GALLON	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substa	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Triothylana Clycol Manamathyl Ethar (112.25	
Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112-35 Subject to reporting requirements of United State	
Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (143-22-6 Subject to reporting requirements of United State	

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Borate Ester (30989-05-0)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
5.2. International regulations	
CANADA	
JOHNSEN'S DOT 4 BRAKE FLUID 1 GALLON	

JOHNSEN'S DOT 4 BRAKE FLUID 1 GALLON
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)
Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (143-22-6)
Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Borate Ester (30989-05-0)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

.

Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (143-22-6)
Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Borate Ester (30989-05-0)
Listed on ELINCS (European List of Notified Chemical Substances)

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD] or 1999/45/EC [DPD]

Xi; R41 Xi; R38 R52/53

Full text of R-phrases: see section 16

15.2.2. National regulations

JOHNSEN'S DOT 4 BRAKE FLUID 1 GALLON

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (143-22-6)

Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Borate Ester (30989-05-0)

15.3. US State regulations

JOHNSEN'S DOT 4 BRAK					
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List		Yes			
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity		Yes			
U.S California - Propositio Toxicity - Female	on 65 - Reproductive	Yes			
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male		Yes			
State or local regulations		U.S California - Proposition 65 - Maximum Allowable Dose Levels (MADL) U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List			
Triethylene Glycol Monor	nethyl Ether (112-35-6)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)	
No	No	No	No		
Methoxy Polyethylene Gly	/col 350 (9004-74-4)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)	
No	No	No	No		
Triethylene Glycol Monob	utyl Ether (143-22-6)		·	·	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)	
No	No	No	No		

Tetraethylene Glycol (112	-60-7)			
U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	Non-significant risk level
Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	(NSRL)
Carcinogens List	Developmental Toxicity	Reproductive Toxicity -	Reproductive Toxicity -	
		Female	Male	
No	No	No	No	
Polyalkylene Glycol Mono	obutyl Ether (9004-77-7)			
U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	Non-significant risk level
Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	(NSRL)
Carcinogens List	Developmental Toxicity	Reproductive Toxicity -	Reproductive Toxicity -	
		Female	Male	
No	No	No	No	
3,6,9,12-Tetraoxatetradec	ane-1,14-diol (4792-15-8)			
U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	Non-significant risk level
Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	(NSRL)
Carcinogens List	Developmental Toxicity	Reproductive Toxicity -	Reproductive Toxicity -	
		Female	Male	
No	No	No	No	
Triethyleneglycol (112-27-	-6)			
U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	Non-significant risk level
Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	(NSRL)
Carcinogens List	Developmental Toxicity	Reproductive Toxicity - Female	Reproductive Toxicity - Male	
No	No	No	No	
	07.4)			
Diisopropanolamine (110- U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	Non-significant risk level
Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	(NSRL)
Carcinogens List	Developmental Toxicity	Reproductive Toxicity -	Reproductive Toxicity -	()
C C		Female	Male	
No	No	No	No	
Triethylene Glycol Monon	nethyl Borate Ester (30989-0	5-0)		
U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	Non-significant risk level
Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	(NSRL)
Carcinogens List	Developmental Toxicity	Reproductive Toxicity - Female	Reproductive Toxicity -	
		Female	Male	
No	No	No	No	
Sodium Hydroxide (1310-	73-2)			
U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	Non-significant risk level
Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	(NSRL)
Carcinogens List	Developmental Toxicity	Reproductive Toxicity -	Reproductive Toxicity -	
		Female	Male	
No	No	No	No	
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol ((128-37-0)			
U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	Non-significant risk level
Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	(NSRL)
Carcinogens List	Developmental Toxicity	Reproductive Toxicity -	Reproductive Toxicity -	
		Female	Male	
No	No	No	No	
Diethylene Glycol Monom	ethyl Ether (111-77-3)			
U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	Non-significant risk level
Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	(NSRL)
Carcinogens List	Developmental Toxicity	Reproductive Toxicity - Female	Reproductive Toxicity - Male	
No	No	No	No	
	-			
Triethylene Glycol Monon	nethyl Ether (112-35-6)			
State or local regulations				
	(Right to Know) - Environment o Know Hazardous Substance			
0.0 New Jersey - Right I		LIGI		

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (143-22-6)
State or local regulations
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
Triethyleneglycol (112-27-6)
State or local regulations
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Borate Ester (30989-05-0)
State or local regulations
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Maximum Allowable Dose Levels (MADL)

SECTION 16: Other information

: Revision - See : *.

Other information

: None.

Full text of H-phrases:

H227	Combustible liquid
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H320	Causes eye irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

NFPA health hazard	: 2 - Intense or continued exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury unless prompt medical attention is given.	
NFPA fire hazard	: 1 - Must be preheated before ignition can occur.	
NFPA reactivity	: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.	

HMIS III Rating	
Health	: 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur
Flammability	: 1 Slight Hazard
Physical	: 0 Minimal Hazard
Personal Protection	: B

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - TCC

The Supplier identified in Section 1 of this MSDS has evaluated this product and certifies it to be labeled and packaged in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Federal Hazardous Substance Act as stated in 16 CFR 1500 and enforced by the Consumer Product Safety Commission, and where applicable the products that require Child Resistant Closures are packaged in accordance with the Poison Prevention Packaging Act as stated in 16 CFR 1700 and enforced by the Consumer Product Safety Commission. All closures have been tested in accordance with the latest protocols. No other testing is required to certify compliance with the above. The date of manufacture is stamped on the product

Disclaimer: The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon tests believed to be reliable. However, the manufacturer/distributor of this product does not guarantee their accuracy or completeness NOR SHALL ANY OF THIS INFORMATION CONSTITUTE A WARRANTY, WHETHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, AS TO THE SAFETY OF THE GOODS, THE MERCHANTABILITY OF THE GOODS, OR THE FITNESS OF THE GOODS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Adjustment to conform to actual conditions of usage may be required. The manufacturer/distributor assumes no responsibility for results obtained or for incidental or consequential damages, including lost profits, arising from the use of these data. No warranty against infringement of any patent, copyright or trademark is made or implied.